Table XX

*Means, standard deviations, and correlations with confidence intervals*

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Variable | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. count | - | .54\*\* | .19 | -.20 | .19 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. nd | .58\*\* | - | .89\*\* | -.19 | .11 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. percent\_nd | .07 | .80\*\* | - | -.14 | .09 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. disruption\_factor | -.13 | .06 | .04 | - | -.02 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. confidence\_factor | -.18 | .03 | .15 | -.37\* | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

*Note.* *M* and *SD* are used to represent mean and standard deviation, respectively. Values in square brackets indicate the 95% confidence interval for each correlation. The confidence interval is a plausible range of population correlations that could have caused the sample correlation (Cumming, 2014). \* indicates *p* < .05. \*\* indicates *p* < .01.